

# What's in the Graph?

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_



Select a representation of a graph from the newspaper; cut it out and paste it here.

**MA.D.1.4.1** The student describes, analyzes and generalizes relationships, patterns, and functions using words, symbols, variables, tables, and graphs.

1. Describe your graph. \_\_\_\_\_



2. Analyze your graph by identifying the following:

- a) Title  
\_\_\_\_\_
- b) Horizontal axis  
\_\_\_\_\_
- c) Vertical axis  
\_\_\_\_\_
- d) Legend  
\_\_\_\_\_



3. Generalize the relationship between the horizontal and vertical axes and explain the main focus of your selected graph. (Use the back of this sheet, if necessary.)

Concept: Problem Solving – Choosing an Appropriate Graph

**Directions:** When you are using a graph to organize and present data, you must first decide which type of graph to use. You are now going to complete a study tip to help you know which type of graph to choose before exploring graphs via the Internet. Relying on prior knowledge work with a partner to predict some useful guidelines. Respond to each of the statements and discuss all possibilities. Be sure to consider explanations and support for your responses. When finished, put your pencil down and await instructions from your teacher.

**Before you begin, name at least 4 different types of graphs with which you are familiar.** \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_,

\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

Study Tip ...

**When deciding which type of graph to use, here are some guidelines:**

**1. Use a bar graph when**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**2. Use a line graph when**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

**3. Use a circle/pie graph for**

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

# Sketches of Bar and Line Graphs

MA.D.1.4.1 and CT.B.1.4.1



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## I. Complete the data table.

Before graphing:

1. What would be an appropriate title? \_\_\_\_\_

Group #	#Boys	#Girls

2. What is the word name for the x-axis? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What is the word name for the y-axis? \_\_\_\_\_

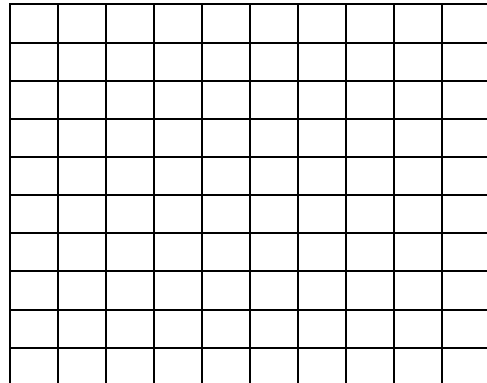
4. How would you differentiate between the number of problems correct and the number of problems incorrect on the graph?

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## II. Complete the process of graphing.

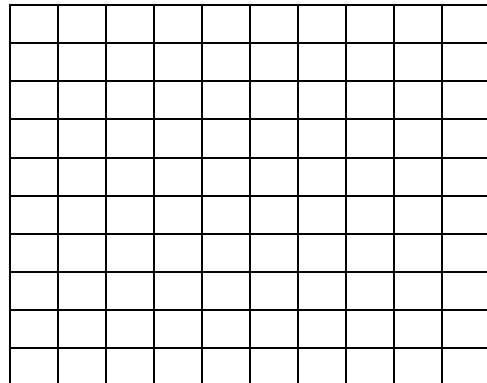
### Graph 1

Describe the graph: \_\_\_\_\_



### Graph 2

Describe the graph: \_\_\_\_\_



## III. Analysis and generalization that fits both graphs.

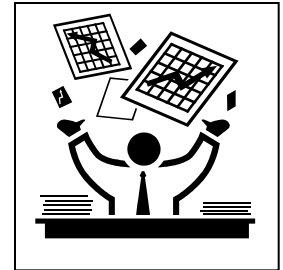
**Analyze:**

- Title:
- Label for the x-axis:
- Label for the y-axis:
- Legend:

**Generalize:** Which graph is the best representative of the data collected and why?

# Formative Assessment – Web Search & Sketches – Rubric

MA.D.1.4.1 and CT.B.1.4.1



Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

	<b>Outstanding 4</b>	<b>Good 3</b>	<b>Fair 2</b>	<b>Poor 1</b>	<b>Rating</b>
<b>Cooperative Learning</b>	Stayed on task all period. Made substantial contribution to the group.	Stayed on task most of the period. Made considerable contribution to the group.	Off task too much. Contribution to the group was lacking.	Little/no evidence of contribution. Consistently off task.	
<b>Web Search</b>	Shows clear evidence of efficient search methods. Met objectives.	Shows considerable evidence of efficient search methods. Met most objectives.	Search method is insufficient. Met some objectives.	Little/no evidence of search method. Met few objectives	
<b>Graphs</b> • Content	Content is thorough, easily understood with no extraneous elements.	Content is complete with minor extraneous elements.	Content is complete with major extraneous elements.	Content is incomplete.	
<b>Graphs</b> • Sketch • Best	Sketches are clear and evident of distinct differences in bar and line graphs. Selection of best graph is indicated.	Sketches are clear and evident of distinct differences in bar and line graphs. Selection of best graph is not indicated.	Sketches are vague with poor selection of best graph.	Sketches are vague with no selection of best graph.	
<b>TOTAL</b>					

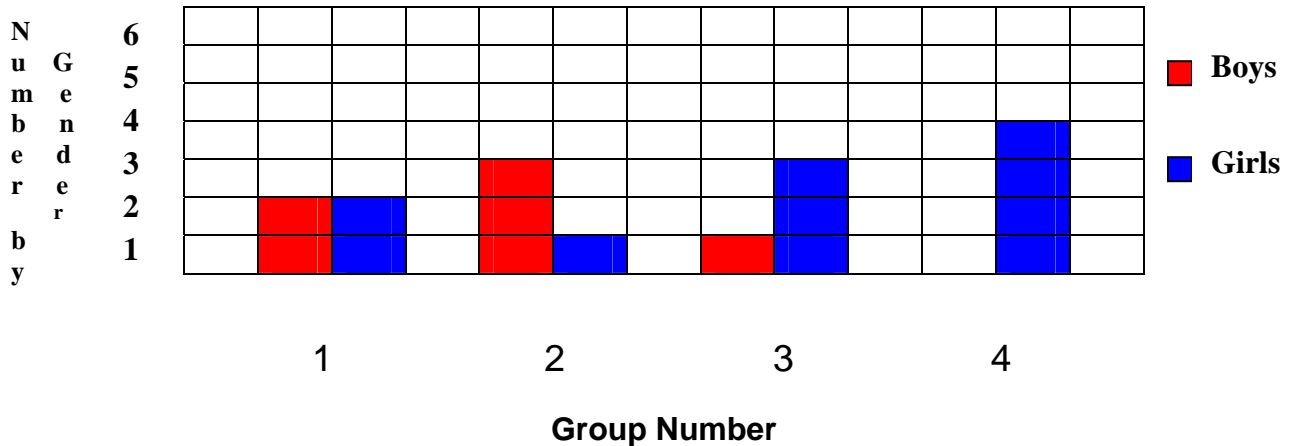
**Teacher Comments:**

Group Data		
Group	#Boys	#Girls
Group 1	2	2
Group 2	3	1
Group 3	1	3
Group 4	0	4

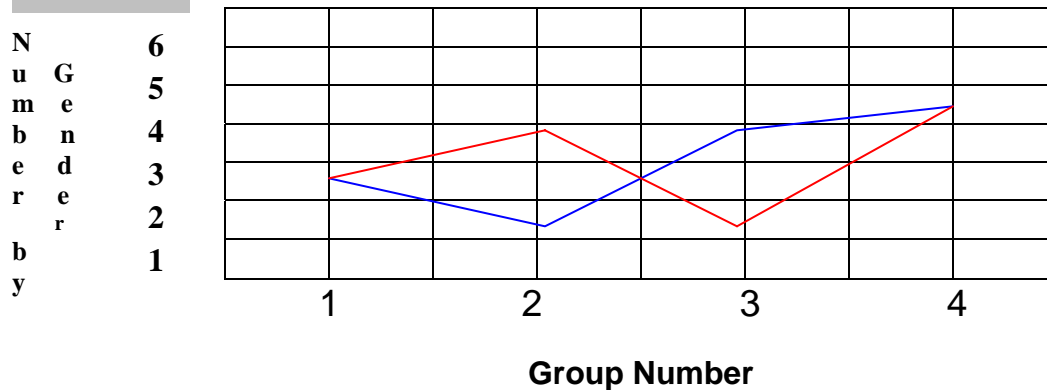
## Sample Sketches of Graphs

**Answer Key**

### Column Graph



### Line Graph



#### Analyze:

- Title: Group Data
- Label for the x-axis: Group Number
- Label for the y-axis: Number by Gender
- Legend: Color codes for boys vs. girls

#### Generalize:

Each graph compares the number of boys in each group to the number of girls in each group. The bar graph offers a better display, which allows one to focus on a clearer perspective of the two comparisons.